

Financial Statements

Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited

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# Independent auditor's report

To the directors of the **Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited** 

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited ("the Corporation"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2017 and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Corporation's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited as at March 31, 2017, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements of Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited taken as a whole. The supplementary information included in the Schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statements of Bluewater Business Development Corporation for the year ended March 31, 2015 were audited by another firm who expressed a qualified opinion on those financial statements on June 22, 2015 as follows:

The Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited has not identified and classified all its financial instruments and recorded its financial statements at fair value. Rather, all financial instruments are recorded at historical cost. The Corporation has not specifically disclosed information that enables users of its financial statements to evaluate the significant of financial instruments for its financial position and performance, including exposure to risks, methods of determining fair value and other relevant information. This basis of accounting in these financial statements differs from Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Halifax, Canada June 22, 2017

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Statement of financial position

March 31				2017	2016
Assets		Operating <u>Fund</u>	Investment <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Tota</u> l
Current Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (Note 4) HST refundable Prepaid expense Interfund receivable	\$	320,008 - 4,323 2,980 - 327,311	\$ 1,638,530 75,929 2,753 - 159,932 1,877,144	\$ 1,958,538 75,929 7,076 2,980 159,932 2,204,455	\$ 1,829,041 43,145 30,125 18,635 107,934 2,028,880
Loans receivable (Note 3) Property and equipment (Note 5)	-	- 14,449	6,124,028 	6,124,028 14,449	6,416,646 <u>6,712</u>
	\$_	341,760	\$ 8,001,172	\$ 8,342,932	\$ 8,452,238
Liabilities and fund balances			-		
Liabilities Current Payables and accruals Interfund payable Unearned revenue Funds collected and held in trust (Note 6) Current portion of long term debt (Note 7)	\$	27,148 159,932 5,413 - - 192,493	\$ 6,785 - - 4,263 3,000 14,048	\$ 33,933 159,932 5,413 4,263 3,000 206,541	\$ 4,634 107,934 30,296 3,403 114,800 261,067
Long term debt (Note 7)	-		40,691 54,739	40,691 247,232	145,463 406,530
Fund balances Net assets invested in capital assets Externally restricted net assets Internally restricted net assets Unrestricted net (deficit) assets	- - \$_	14,449 - 200,000 (65,182) 149,267 341,760	\$ 7,946,433 - - - 7,946,433 8,001,172	\$ 14,449 7,946,433 200,000 (65,182) 8,095,700 8,342,932	\$ 6,712 7,728,821 292,000 18,175 8,045,708 8,452,238

Commitments (Note 8) Contingency (Note 11)

On behalf of the Board

Director

Director

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Statement of operations

Year ended March 31					2017	2016
		Operating	Investment		Total	Total
Revenue		<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
ACOA contribution	\$	340,247 \$	_	\$	340,247	\$ 341,504
Investment income – loan portfolio	Ψ		583,665	Ψ	583,665	576,904
Sundry revenue (Schedule 3)		108,636	21,593		130,229	122,307
	-	448,883	605,258	_	1,054,141	1,040,715
Expenses						
Advertising		9,454	, · · -		9,454	6,007
Amortization		3,255	-		3,255	3,456
Bank charges		382	2,392		2,774	3,499
Board expenses		10,919	-		10,919	15,857
Credit checking		3,572	-		3,572	3,185
Co-op expenses		, -	-		-	21,012
Equipment rental		7,128	-		7,128	8,385
Insurance		3,800	-		3,800	3,485
Interest expense – ACCBIFF		-	4,210		4,210	6,126
Loan write-off / provision for bad debts		-	354,635		354,635	581,344
Memberships, dues and fees		5,578	-		5,578	5,701
Office supplies		4,780	· -		4,780	5,505
Postage and courier		884	-		884	1,144
Professional fees – audit and accounting		21,733	-		21,733	15,034
Professional fees – legal and consulting		8,657	19,293		27,950	16,845
Rent and utilities		38,223	_		38,223	37,039
Repairs and maintenance		4,180	-		4,180	9,334
Salaries, wages and benefits		394,342	-		394,342	370,705
Self employment benefit		58,976	-		58,976	38,492
Telecommunications		10,744	-		10,744	17,312
Training and development		5,641	13,673		19,314	18,979
Travel	_	<u> 17,698</u>		_	17,698	22,990
	-	609,946	394,203	-	1,004,149	<u>1,211,436</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	•	(404.000) \$	044.055	•	40.000	<b>A</b> (470.701)
over expenses	\$ _	(161,063)\$	211,055	\$_	49,992	\$ (170,721)

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Statement of changes in net assets

Year ended March 31

Unrestricted	Operational <u>2017</u> 2016	) \$ 18,175 <b>\$ 8,045,708</b> \$ 8,216,429	- 85,443	- (161,063) <b>49,992</b> (170,721)	(10,992)	- 3,255 -		\$ 200,000 \$ (65,182) <b>\$ 8,095,700</b> \$ 8,045,708
Internally Restricted	Investment Operational	\$ 200,000 \$ 200,000 \$	,	,			(92,000)	- \$ 200,000
Restricted In	Investment	6,712 \$ 7,728,821 \$	- (85,443)	- 211,055		(3,255) -	- 92,000	14,449 \$ 7,946,433 \$
<u>~</u>	Invested in Capital Assets	\$			10,	(3,		\$ 14,
		Balance, beginning of year	Transfers to Operating Fund	over expenditures	Asset additions	Depreciation	Loan guarantees	Balance, end of year

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Statement of cash flows

Year ended March 31				2017	2016
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		Operating	Investment		
		Fund	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating					
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Items not involving cash	\$	(161,063)\$	211,055	\$ 49,992	\$ (170,721)
Amortization		3,255	_	3,255	3,456
Loan write-off / provision for bad debt	_	_	<u>354,635</u>	354,635	581,344
		(157,808)	565,690	407,882	414,079
Change in non-cash working capital		5,000	(37,784)	(32,784)	738
Receivables HST receivable		24,518	(37,764)	23,049	(11,769)
Prepaid expense		15,655	(1,400)	15,655	(16,635)
Interfund receivables		-	(51,998)	(51,998)	49,494
Interfund payables		51,998	_	51,998	(49,494)
Payables and accruals		22,514	6,785	29,299	2,160
Deferred revenue		(24,883)	<del></del>	(24,883)	30,296
		(63,006)	481,224	418,218	418,869
Investing		(10,992)		(10,992)	(3,761)
Purchase of capital assets  Loan repayment		(10,992)	1,466,524	1,466,524	1,417,164
Loan repayment  Loan recoveries previously written off		,	-	-	24,654
Loans and guarantees to clients		· -	(1,528,541)	(1,528,541)	(1,826,826)
<b></b>		(10,992)	(62,017)	(73,009)	(388,769)
Financing					
Payable to related parties, net		-	(216,572)	(216,572)	(301,362)
Funds collected and held in trust		-	860	860	1,580
Interfund transfers		85,443 85,443	(85,443) (301,155)	(215,712)	(299,782)
		00,443	(301,133)	(215,712)	(299,102)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		11,445	118,052	129,497	(269,682)
Cash and cash equivalents		200 500	4 500 470	4 920 044	2.009.722
Beginning of year		<u>308,563</u>	<u>1,520,478</u>	<u>1,829,041</u>	2,098,723
End of year	\$.	320,008 \$	1,638,530	\$ 1,958,538	\$ 1,829,041

March 31, 2017

### 1. Nature of organization

Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited (the "Corporation"), was incorporated January 20, 1989 under the Companies Act of the Province of Nova Scotia as Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited and operates under the name Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited. The Corporation is a community Business Development Corporation, a not-for-profit community based and community controlled corporation, working in cooperation with all levels of government and the private sector. It covers the area between Ecum Secum and Hubbards, but excluding the urban areas of Halifax, Bedford and Dartmouth. Some of the communities served include Timberlea, Sackville, Beaverbank, Eastern Passage, Preston, Porters Lake, Sheet Harbour, and Middle Musquodoboit.

The Corporation is a non-profit organization under paragraph 149(1) (I) of the Income Tax Act and, as such, is not subject to federal or provincial income taxes.

Any accumulated net assets are not to be used in promoting the Corporation's objectives and at no time will any dividends be paid should the Corporation be dissolved, the remaining assets would be transferred to another Community Business Development Corporation or to some other organization serving the community with similar objectives.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO"). The significant accounting policies are as follows:

Fund accounting

The Corporation follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

Externally restricted net assets

ACOA and other organizations have agreements in place that restrict the use of funds such that they can only be used for the purpose for which they were provided.

Internally restricted net assets

The Board of Directors has restricted an amount to serve as a contingency for the organization. The intention is to restrict funds annually until it accumulates to an amount equivalent to three months operations plus windup costs. These amounts cannot be used without prior approval of the Board of Directors.

Net assets have been restricted by the amount of loan guarantees in effect at the year-end date for the Investment Fund.

**Operating Fund** 

The Corporation has established an Operating Fund for the organization's program delivery and administrative activities. This fund reports unrestricted resources and operating contributions. Expenses of the Operating Fund are limited to those agreed upon in the contribution agreement with Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency ("ACOA") under the Community Futures dated April 13, 2014 and extensions thereto. The most recent contract dated April 13, 2017, Contract #2100061, provides for the period April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2020. Funding for 2017-2018 fiscal year is \$334,925.

March 31, 2017

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Investment Fund

The Corporation has established an Investment Fund to hold and administer the loan portfolio of the organization. These funds are restricted to investments meeting the mandate of the organization and all investments are approved and monitored by the Board of Directors. All investment income earned must be reinvested in the fund. These funds cannot be used to cover administrative expenses unless authorized in writing by ACOA, except where the conditions as outlined in the Statement of Work of the Community Futures/company agreement are met.

### Investments - loans receivable

Investments are recorded at the lower of cost and estimated realizable value.

Provision for loan impairment and collection costs related thereto are reported in the Investment Fund.

Allowance for loan impairment

Loans are classified for loan impairment into four categories. Category 'A' loans are loans which are deemed satisfactory as to credit risk and performance. An amount equal to 2% of the balance of these loans is used as an allowance. Category 'B' loans are loans that are experiencing undesirable developments that are expected to be temporary in nature. The allowance for these loans is 20% or as determined on a loan by loan basis. Category 'C' loans are loans where serious adverse developments have occurred and are unlikely to be overcome, or there is little or no chance of the loan being repaid from earnings. The allowance for these loans is determined on a loan by loan basis. Category 'D' loans are loans where the owners of the business have lost control due to bankruptcy, appointment of a receiver or bailiff, judgement pursuant to a mortgage bond held by another secured mortgagee, seizure of any assets, or where assets have been abandoned or deemed missing. The allowance for these loans is determined on a loan by loan basis.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Furniture and equipment	20%
Computer	33%
Leaseholds	20%
Software	100%

One half year's amortization is taken in the year of acquisition.

Whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate a capital asset no longer has any long-term service potential to the Corporation, the excess of its net carrying amount over any residual value would be recognized as an expense. Such a write-down is not reversed if the service potential subsequently improves.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and balances with banks, net of bank indebtedness.

### Interfund receivables and payables

The Corporation has internal loans from the Investment Fund to the Operating Fund due to the timing of when grant revenue is received. Interfund transfers are non-interest bearing and have no set terms of repayment

### Interfund transfers

All interfund transfers require prior approval in writing from the Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency.

March 31, 2017

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### **Financial instruments**

The Corporation considers any contract creating a financial asset, liability or equity instrument as a financial instrument, except in limited circumstances. The Corporation's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, harmonized sales tax receivable/payable, receivable from/payable to related companies, loans receivable, payables and accruals and long term debt.

A financial asset or liability is recognized when the Corporation becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets or liabilities in arm's length transactions are initially measured at their fair value. In the case of a financial asset or liability not being subsequently measured at fair value, the initial fair value will be adjusted for financing fees and transaction costs that are directly attributable to its origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption.

Financial assets or liabilities obtained in related party transactions are measured in accordance with the accounting policy for related party transactions except for those transactions that are with a person or entity whose sole relationship with the Corporation is in the capacity of management in which case they are accounted for in accordance with financial instruments.

The Corporation subsequently measures all of its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost. The Corporation removes financial liabilities, or a portion of, when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. Impairment losses are reversed to the extent of the improvement provided the asset is not carried at an amount, at the date of the reversal, greater than the amount that would have been the carrying amount had no impairment loss been recognized previously. The amount of any write-downs or reversals are recognized in net income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not subsequently measured at fair value, are initially adjusted for transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to their origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Corporation's credit risk arises from the possibility that customers may not fulfil their payment obligations. The Corporation mitigates this risk by performing credit checks and getting collateral over certain receivables.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The Corporation is exposed to liquidity risk in meeting their obligations associated with financial liabilities, which is dependent on receipt of funds from operations. There was no significant change in risk exposure from the prior year.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or expected future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Corporation is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

March 31, 2017

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Corporation is exposed to interest rate risk on its amounts due to related parties. There was no significant change in exposure from the prior year.

### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recorded in the period in which the estimate reversed if the revision affects only that period or in the period of revision and in future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods.

The areas involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements include the allowance for impaired loans and measurements of fair value of financial instruments.

### Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Corporation and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. The principal sources of revenue are interest on loans and a government grant.

Interest on loans is recorded on the accrual basis using the effective income method and grant revenue is recorded when received each quarter.

3. Loans receivable					
	Loans to business	Loan loss reserve <u>Fund</u>	Loans to Students in <u>Business</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Loans and guarantees Promissory note – ACCBIF Fund	\$ 6,647,477 <u>37,500</u>	\$ 54,758 	\$ 70,613 	\$ 6,772,848 <u>37,500</u>	\$ 7,019,638 <u>37,500</u>
Total loan portfolio	6,684,977	54,758	70,613	6,810,348	7,057,138
Allowance for loan impairment	(659,138)	(27,182)		(686,320)	(640,492)
Total loans receivable	\$ 6,025,839	\$ 27,576	\$ 70,613	\$ 6,124,028	\$ 6,416,646
Continuity of loans and investments					
Loans and guarantees Balance, beginning of year Advances during the year Loans repaid during the year Loans written off during the year Balance, end of year	\$ 6,806,880 1,465,991 (1,340,630) (247,264) 6,684,977	\$ 149,958 - (33,657) (61,543) 54,758	\$ 100,300 62,550 (92,237) 	\$ 7,057,138 1,528,541 (1,466,524) (308,807) 6,810,348	\$ 7,248,276 1,826,826 (1,417,164) (600,800) 7,057,138
Allowance for loan impairment Balance, beginning of year Loans written off to allowance Current year loss provision Balance, end of year	581,937 (112,450) 189,651 659,138	58,555 (47,884) 16,511 27,182	- - -	640,492 (160,334) 206,162 686,320	635,294 (132,909) 138,107 640,492
Total loans receivable	\$ 6,025,839	\$ 27,576	\$ 70,613	\$ 6,124,028	\$ 6,416,646

March 31, 2017

4. Receivables								
		Operating	In	vestment				2212
		<u>Fund</u>		<u>Fund</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
NSACBDC's – Program recoveries	\$	_	\$	4,032	\$	4,032	\$	8,063
AACBDC's – Entrepreneurial Training Fund	Ψ.	_	Ψ	3,238	Ψ	3,238	Ψ	5,399
Receivable from employee		· -		3,230		3,230		5,000
Investment fees receivable		-		4,593		4,593		3,000 870
		-						670
Receivables - Other		-		278		278		-
Accrued interest receivable on loans	_			63,788		63,788	-	23,813
	\$	_	\$	75,929	\$	75,929	\$	43,145
			Ψ	10,020	Ψ	10,525	Ψ	70, 170
			100000	VSC CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	-		100	
	-							
5 Property and equipment								
5. Property and equipment			Acc			2017		2016
5. Property and equipment		Cost		cumulated		2017 Net book		2016 Net book
5. Property and equipment	T 00000	Cost				2017		2016
			<u>de</u>	cumulated preciation	\$	2017 Net book <u>value</u>	<b>.</b>	2016 Net book <u>value</u>
Furniture and equipment	\$	60,364		cumulated preciation 59,035	\$	2017 Net book value 1,329	\$	2016 Net book <u>value</u> 1,662
Furniture and equipment Computer		60,364 35,729	<u>de</u>	cumulated preciation 59,035 30,332	\$	2017 Net book <u>value</u> 1,329 5,397	\$	2016 Net book <u>value</u>
Furniture and equipment Computer Leaseholds		60,364 35,729 8,581	<u>de</u>	cumulated preciation 59,035 30,332 858	\$	2017 Net book value 1,329	\$	2016 Net book <u>value</u> 1,662
Furniture and equipment Computer		60,364 35,729	<u>de</u>	cumulated preciation 59,035 30,332	\$	2017 Net book <u>value</u> 1,329 5,397	\$	2016 Net book <u>value</u> 1,662
Furniture and equipment Computer Leaseholds		60,364 35,729 8,581	<u>de</u>	cumulated preciation 59,035 30,332 858	\$ \$	2017 Net book <u>value</u> 1,329 5,397	\$	2016 Net book <u>value</u> 1,662

### 6. Funds collected and held in trust

The Corporation had previously been engaged to collect and administer 11 CEED loans in the amount of \$40,285 on behalf of NSACBDC's. The balance outstanding at March 31, 2017 is \$1,825 (2016 - \$2,685). The amounts collected on these loans are being held in trust.

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Balance, beginning of year Funds collected during the year	\$ 3,403 860	\$ 1,823 1,580
Balance, end of the year	\$ 4,263	\$ 3,403

March 31, 2017

7. Due to related parties	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>
The Corporation borrowed funds from Atlantic Canada Community Business Investment Fund ("ACCBIF"). The loans bear interest at 1.5% payable monthly. The loans are secured by promissory notes and an assignment of book debts. The loans are repayable annually.	\$ -	\$	200,000
The Corporation borrowed funds from the Atlantic Association of Community Business Development Corporations – Technology Fund. These loans bear no interest and are unsecured. The amount of principal collected is repayable monthly.	43,691		60,263
Less: Current portion of long term debt	43,691 (3,000)	_	260,263 (114,800)
	\$ 40,691	\$_	145,463

### 8. Lease commitments

The organization has lease commitments for office rent. Minimum lease payments for the premises for each of the next five years are as follows:

2018	\$ 38,045
2019	38,321
2020	39,149
2021	39,149
2022	29,361

### 9. Economic dependence

The Corporation is economically dependent as it received an annual operating contribution from ACOA that covers all operating expenses of the Operational Fund that are not designated under specific programs. During the year, the Corporation received \$340,247 (2016 - \$341,504).

### 10. Loan statistics

Loans approved during the year

The loans approved by the Board of Directors during the current year were 44 loans in the amount of \$1,459,188 (including re-financed loans of \$138,614).

Active investment loans under management

This is defined as any loan that had a balance and/or investment activity during the year. For example, a loan that was repaid during the year, although had no balance at year end, is deemed to be a loan under management for purposes of these statistics. Loans under active management numbered 199.

March 31, 2017

### 11. Contingencies

Government contributions and grants received under the Community Business Development Centre contribution agreements and Investment Fund agreements are subject to repayment if the Corporation fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreement.

### 12. Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures for the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted for the current period.

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Schedule 1 - Schedule of allowance for loan impairment

March 31, 2017

<u>2017</u>	Category A	Category B	Category C	Category D	<u>Total</u>
Investment Fund	\$ 5,274,415	\$ 478,368	\$ 355,592	\$ 664,473	\$ 6,772,848
Less: Student in Business	(70,613)				(70,613)
Add: ACCBIF Fund investment	37,500	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		37,500
	\$ 5,241,302	\$ 478,368	\$ 355,592	\$ 664,473	\$ 6,739,735
Allowance for loan impairment	\$ 104,076	\$ 135,461	\$ 135,294	\$ 311,489	\$ 686,320
Allowance as a percentage of the total	l loan portfolio: 10	0.2%			
2016	Category A	Category B	Category C	Category D	<u>Total</u>
Investment Fund	\$ 5,487,931	737,313	448,091	346,303	7,019,638
Less: Student in Business	(100,300)				(100,300)
Add: ACCBIF Fund investment	37,500				37,500
	\$ _5,425,131	\$ 737,313	\$ 448,091	\$ 346,303	\$ 6,956,838
Allowance for loan impairment	\$107,411	\$184,992	\$181,588	\$166,501	\$ 640,492

Allowance as a percentage of the total loan portfolio: 9.2%

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Schedule 2 - Schedule of operations

		Operating Fund					
	(unaudited) Budget <u>2017</u>	Actual <u>2017</u>	Actual <u>2016</u>				
Revenue							
ACOA contribution	\$ 338,748	\$ 340,247 \$	341,504				
Sundry revenue (Schedule 3)	154,144	108,636	98,243				
duridity revertible (defletible 5)		100,030	90,243				
	492,892	448,883	439,747				
Expenditures							
Advertising	10,737	9,454	6,007				
Amortization		3,255	3,456				
Bank charges	590	382	590				
Board expenses	16,700	10,919	15,857				
Co-op expenses	-	-	21,012				
Credit checking	4,500	3,572	3,185				
Equipment rental	8,287	7,128	8,385				
Insurance	3,578	3,800	3,485				
Memberships, dues and fees	5,628	5,578	5,701				
Office supplies	4,800	4,780	5,505				
Postage and courier	1,235	884	1,144				
Professional fees – audit and accounting	16,000	21,733	15,034				
Professional fees – legal and consulting	3,000	8,657	16,845				
Rent and utilities	37,984	38,223	37,039				
Repairs and maintenance	4,120	4,180	9,334				
Salaries and wages	317,205	348,130	324,278				
Salaries and wages – statutory and group benefits	47,180	46,212	46,427				
Self employment benefits	56,014	58,976	38,492				
Telecommunications	13,602	10,744	17,312				
Training and development	3,000	5,641	2,878				
Travel	24,175	<u>17,698</u>	22,990				
	<u> 578,335</u>	609,946	604,956				
Excess of expenditures over revenue	\$ (85,443)	(161,063) \$	(165,209)				
Amounts transferred from Investment Fund	85,443	85,443	77,593				
Excess refundable to (due from) Investment Fund	\$	(75,620) \$	(87,616)				

# Blue Water Business Development Corporation Limited Schedule 3 - Schedule of sundry revenue

	(	Opera unaudited) Budget <u>2017</u>	ting	Fund Actual 2017	<u>I</u>	nvestment Fund 2017		Total 2017		Total <u>2016</u>
Sundry revenue										
Administration fees	\$	25,720	\$	3,908	\$	_	\$	3,908	\$	8,701
Co-op student		· -		_		_		_		9,225
Interest income		1,800		1,899		5,875		7,774		9,111
Loan application fees		35,700		22,052		_		22,052		24,812
NSACBDC support services				· -		13,377		13,777		16,101
Other		3,960		4,555		2,341		6,896		9,129
Self employment benefit		73,464		76,222		_		76,222		33,078
Student in Business Program	_	13,500	-		-	_	_		_	12,150
	\$_	154,144	\$_	108,636	\$_	21,593	\$_	130,229	\$_	122,307